

The United Nations Global Compact Index

This is a comparison table for the 10 principles of the Global Compact advocated by the United Nations and Morinaga Milk efforts towards each principle.

The Principles of the United Nations Global Compact	Applicable page
Human Rights	
Principle 1: Businesses should support and respect the protection of internationally proclaimed human rights; and	Human Rights (52), Human Rights Policy (95)
Principle 2: make sure that they are not complicit in human rights abuses.	Human Rights (52), Human Rights Policy (95), Procurement Policy (96)
Labour	
Principle 3: Businesses should uphold the freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;	Management-Labor Dialogue (59), Human Rights Policy (95)
Principle 4: the elimination of all forms of forced and compulsory labour;	Human Rights (52), Human Rights Policy (95)
Principle 5: the effective abolition of child labour; and	Human Rights (52), Human Rights Policy (95)
Principle 6: the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.	Diversity & Inclusion (55), Human Rights Policy (95)
Environment	
Principle 7: Businesses should support a precautionary approach to environmental challenges;	The Environment (37), Environmental Policy (95), Procurement Policy (96)
Principle 8: undertake initiatives to promote greater environmental responsibility; and	The Environment (37), Environmental Policy (95)
Principle 9: encourage the development and diffusion of environmentally friendly technologies.	The Environment (37), Environmental Policy (95)
Anti-Corruption Anti-Corruption	
Principle 10: Businesses should work against corruption in all its forms, including extortion and bribery.	Compliance (90), Compliance Code of Conduct (99), Anti-corruption Policy (100)