## **Morinaga Milk Corporate Profile**







## 1. Corporate Profile

\*The accounting standard for revenue recognition is applied from FYE March 2022

\*Before FYE March 2021 applying accounting standard for revenue recognition



## 1-1. Corporate Slogan, Corporate Philosophy

## **Corporate Philosophy**

Contribute to healthy and enjoyable lifestyles through offering unique products derived from advanced milk technology.

## Corporate Slogan

"For Ever Brighter Smiles"

## 1-2. Morinaga Milk Group 10-year Vision (Established in 2019) morina

Vision 1 A company that balances "delicious and pleasurable food" with "health and nutrition"

Vision 2 A global company that exerts a unique presence worldwide

Vision 3 A company that persistently helps make social sustainability a reality

## 10-year Targets

(for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2029)

Operating profit margin 3.8 % At least 7%

R O E 8.6 % At least 10%

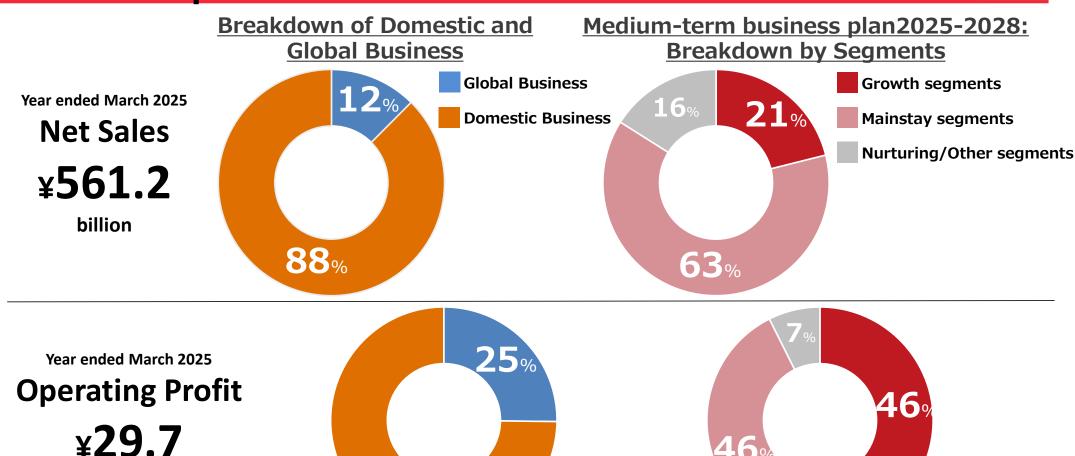
Ratio of overseas sales 5.0 % At least 15%

<sup>\*</sup> The figures are for the fiscal year ended March 2019.

## 1-3. Group Business Structure

billion

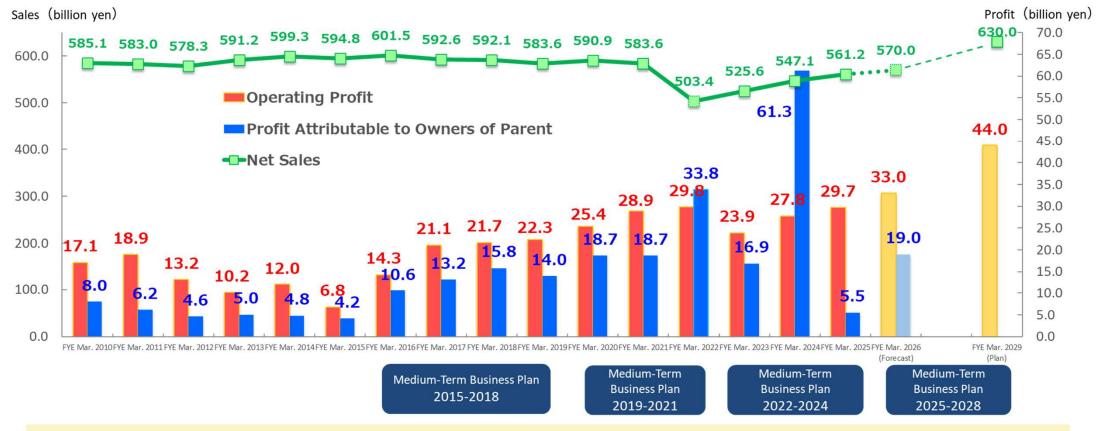




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## 1-4. Financial Summary

The Group has applied the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29) and related guidance from the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022.



- •FYE March 2026: Operating profit (forecast): 33.0 billion yen, Operating profit to sales (forecast): 5.8%.
- FYE March 2029: Morinaga Milk Group 10-year Vision 1) Operating profit margin at least 7%, 2) ROE at least 10%, 3) Ratio of Global business sales at least 15%



## 1-4. Financial Summary

|   | FYE March | FYE March | FYE March | FYE March 2025 | Year on Year<br>Change | Year on Year<br>(%) | FYE March 2026 Forecast | Year on Year<br>Change | Year on Year<br>(%) |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| Net Sales                               | 503.4     | 525.6     | 547.1     | 561.2          | +14.1                  | +2.6%               | 570.0                   | +8.8                   | +1.6%               |
| Operating<br>Profit                     | 29.8      | 23.9      | 27.8      | 29.7           | +1.8                   | +6.5%               | 33.0                    | +3.3                   | +11.3%              |
| Ordinary<br>Profit                      | 31.1      | 25.2      | 28.1      | 29.9           | +1.8                   | +6.3%               | 33.9                    | +4.0                   | +13.5%              |
| Profit Attributable to Owners of Parent | 33.8      | 16.9      | 61.3      | 5.5            | -55.8                  | -91.1%              | 19.0                    | +13.5                  | +248.0%             |
| Operating Profit to Net Sales           | 5.9%      | 4.6%      | 5.1%      | 5.3%           |                        |                     | 5.8%                    |                        |                     |
| ROE<br>(Net Income<br>/ Equity Capital) | 16.7%     | 7.9%      | 24.5%     | 2.0%           |                        |                     | 7.1%                    |                        |                     |
| ROIC (NOPAT / Invested Capital)         |           |           | 5.7%      | 5.7%           |                        |                     | <b>6.2</b> %            |                        |                     |



## 1-5. Net Sales & Operating Profit by Segments

| Net Sales  | FYE March 2025 | FYE March 2026<br>Forecast | Year on Year<br>(%) | FYE March 2029<br>Plan |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Growth segments (Growth)   | 118.3          | 123.9                      | +4.7%               | 155.0                  |
| Mainstay segments (Core/Fundamental/Strategic Transformation)          | 353.0          | 354.2                      | +0.3%               | 375.0                  |
| Nurturing/Other segments (Nurturing/Unique & other/Eliminations, etc.) | 89.9           | 91.9                       | +2.3%               | 100.0                  |
| (Breakdown) Global business  | 69.9           | 82.2                       | +17.6%              | 95.0                   |
| Total  | 561.2          | 570.0                      | +1.6%               | 630.0                  |

| Operating<br>Profit  | FYE March 2025 | FYE March 2026<br>Forecast | Year on Year<br>(%) | FYE March 2029<br>Plan |  |
|--|----------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------------|--|
| Growth segments (Growth)   | 13.8           | 12.3                       | -1.5                | 20.0                   |  |
| Mainstay segments (Core/Fundamental/Strategic Transformation)          | 13.7           | 17.5                       | +3.8                | 20.0                   |  |
| Nurturing/Other segments (Nurturing/Unique & other/Eliminations, etc.) | 2.2            | 3.2                        | +1.0                | 4.0                    |  |
| (Breakdown) Global business  | 7.5            | 14.0                       | +6.5                | 15.0                   |  |
| Total  | 29.7           | 33.0                       | +3.3                | 44.0                   |  |



## 1-6. Net Sales by Category (Non-consolited, or Consolidated Subsidiaries)

| Net Sales                      | FYE March 2022          | FYE March <b>2023*</b>  | FYE March <b>2024</b>   | FYE March 2025          | Year on Year<br>(%) | FYE March 2026 Forecast | Year on Year<br>(%) |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Growth areas                   |                         |                         |                         |                         |                     |                         |                     |
| Yogurt                         | 53.1                    | 53.2                    | 54.1                    | 56.9                    | +5%                 | 58.4                    | +3%                 |
| Ice cream                      | 39.8                    | 42.0                    | 44.3                    | 46.4                    | +5%                 | 48.2                    | +4%                 |
| NutriCo Morinaga<br>(Pakistan) | -                       |                         | 6.8<br>13.6 billion PKR | 7.9<br>14.2 billion PKR | +16%<br>+4%         | 7.8<br>-                | - <b>1</b> %<br>-   |
| Core areas                     |                         |                         |                         |                         |                     |                         |                     |
| Beverages                      | 45.3                    | 50.3                    | 54.8                    | 54.4                    | -1%                 | 53.6                    | -2%                 |
| Cheese                         | 26.0                    | 25.1                    | 26.5                    | 26.7                    | +1%                 | 26.2                    | -2%                 |
| Nutritional food products      | 12.9                    | 12.6                    | 13.3                    | 13.7                    | +3%                 | 13.9                    | +2%                 |
| CLINICO                        | 24.6                    | 25.3                    | 26.7                    | 27.2                    | +2%                 | 26.9                    | -1%                 |
| MILEI GmbH<br>(Germany)        | 29.8<br>229 million EUR | 41.5<br>295 million EUR | 36.4<br>234 million EUR | 40.7<br>248 million EUR | +12%<br>+6%         | 53.3<br>-               | +31%                |

<sup>\*</sup> Adjusted Year-on-year % change to those after transfer to products between Beverages and Milk.



## 1-6. Net Sales by Category (Non-consolited, or Consolidated Subsidiaries)

| Net Sales                                       | FYE March 2022              | FYE March <b>2023*</b>      | FYE March <b>2024</b>       | FYE March 2025              | Year on Year<br>(%) | FYE March 2026 Forecast | Year on Year<br>(%) |
|---|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Fundamental areas                               |                             |                             |                             |                             |                     |                         |                     |
| Milk  | 54.1                        | 43.4                        | 45.2                        | 44.3                        | -2%                 | 41.7                    | -6%                 |
| B-to-B business (excluding domestic probiotics) | -                           | -                           | -                           | 82.2                        | -                   | 84.7                    | +3%                 |
| Strategic Transformation                        | n areas                     |                             |                             |                             |                     |                         |                     |
| Chilled desserts                                | 7.9                         | 7.3                         | 7.2                         | 8.0                         | +11%                | -                       | -                   |
| Commercial milk (Home deliveries, etc.)         | 19.3                        | 19.0                        | 18.3                        | 16.1                        | -12%                | -                       | -                   |
| MNF (US)  | 2.9<br>25 million USD       | 3.5<br>26 million USD       | 7.4<br>53 million USD       | 9.8<br>62 million USD       | +32%<br>+18%        | -<br>-                  | -<br>-              |
| Nurturing areas                                 |                             |                             |                             |                             |                     |                         |                     |
| MNF Vietnam                                     | 3.5<br>685.6 billion<br>VND | 4.8<br>858.4 billion<br>VND | 4.3<br>742.6 billion<br>VND | 4.3<br>690.1 billion<br>VND | -1%<br>-7%          | -                       | -<br>-              |

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{* Adjusted Year-on-year \% change to those after transfer to products between Beverages and Milk.}$ 



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## 1-7. Business in Japan: Domestic(B-to-C) Business

#### **Domestic(B-to-C) Business**

CLINICO (liquid foods)

Chilled desserts

Milk

Sales as a percentage of total sales of Morinaga Milk Industry: approx. 60% (as of March 2025)

27.2

44.3

0.8

• The business provides "health value" and "tastiness and delightfulness" value through a variety of products familiar to consumers, such as yogurt, ice cream, beverages, cheese, and milk, including the long-selling brands "Bifidus Yogurt," "Pino," "PARM," "MOW," and "Mt.

RAINIER CAFFÈ LATTE," among others.

(Unit: billion yen)

Net Sales
(FYE Mar. 2025)

Yogurt

156.9

Ice cream

46.4

Beverages

54.4

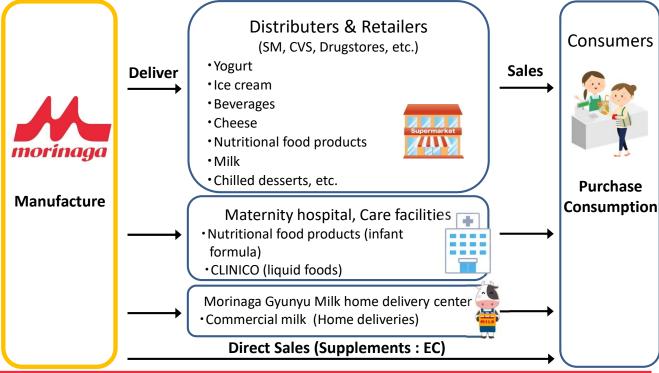
Cheese

26.7

Nutritional food products

13.7

Others: Supplements (EC), Creap (creaming powder), etc.



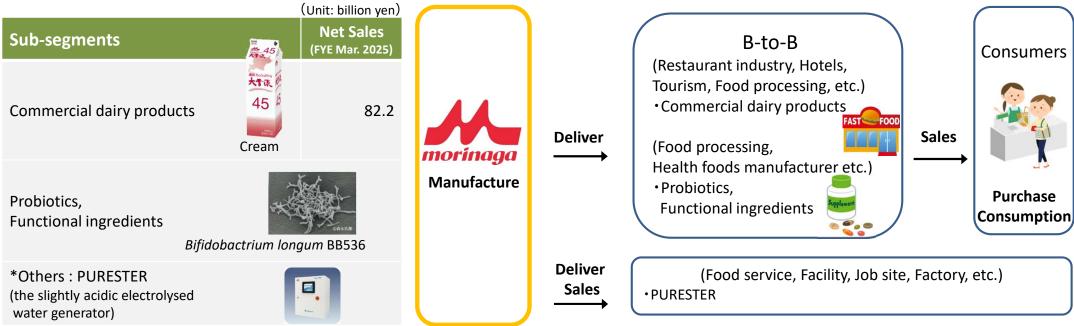
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## 1-7. Business in Japan: Domestic(B-to-B) Business

#### **Domestic(B-to-B) Business**

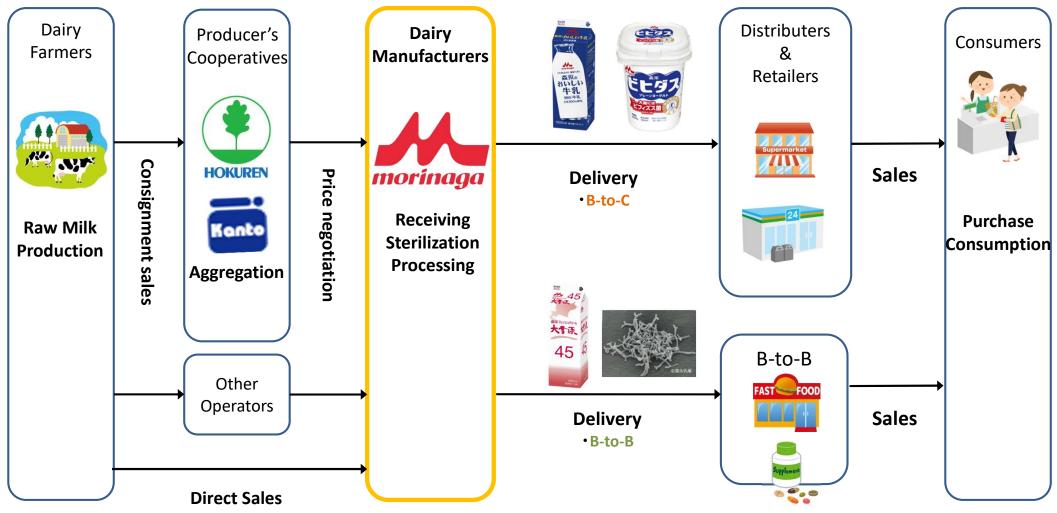
Sales as a percentage of total sales of Morinaga Milk Industry: approx. 20% (as of March 2025)

- The role of this business is to identify the increasingly diverse problems experienced by consumers, to anticipate potential needs that have not yet emerged, and to co-create solutions, including the development of recipes, with diverse customers.
- In this area, we offer solutions to customers in a wide range of industries, including cream and other dairy product ingredients, functional ingredients, such as bifidobacteria and lactoferrin, and products, such as PURESTER.



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## 1-7. Distribution of Milk and Dairy products



## 1-7. Market Shares of Major Categories of B-to-C



Growth segments



Yogurt **2nd 12%** 



Ice cream
4th 11%

Mainstay segments



Chilled cuptype coffee

1st 38%



Chilled tea

1st 54%



Cheese

3rd 10%

Source: Based on INTAGE Inc.'s SRI+, our own survey (share of sales amounts in Apr. 2024-Mar. 2025)

## 1-8. Global Business

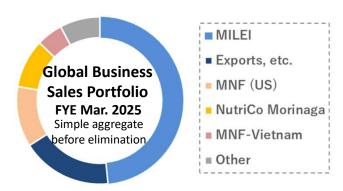


#### **Global Business**

Net Sales: 69.9 billion yen (Global business sales ratio: 12.5%)

Operation Profit: 7.5 billion yen (Operating profit margin: 10.7%) (FYE Mar. 2025)

- The mission of the business is to drive growth by responding to expanding health needs on a global scale.
- Shift to a concentrated strategy centered on probiotics and formula milk, with the company of core areas,
   MILEI, as the profit base



| Main Business                            | Net Sales<br>(FYE Mar. 2025)      | Overview  |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|
| Germany,<br>MILEI GmbH                   | 40.7 billion yen<br>248 million € | <ul> <li>Established as a joint venture by Morinaga Milk and other companies in 1972, the company is now a wholly<br/>owned subsidiary of Morinaga Milk. The company manufactures and sells products that include whey protein<br/>concentrate, lactose, and lactoferrin.</li> </ul>  |
| Formula milk<br>(Exports, Joint venture) |                                   | <ul> <li>Exports: Expanding mainly in Asian countries such as Pakistan, Vietnam, Malaysia, etc.</li> <li>Joint venture: Pakistan (NutriCo Morinaga), Indonesia (PT.Kalbe Morinaga Indonesia),         Vietnam (Morinaga Le May)     </li> </ul>   |
| Probiotics                               |                                   | <ul> <li>Exporting bifidobacteria and lactobacillus discovered through more than 50 years of our research to global markets.</li> <li>B-to-B development as an additive to formula milk, raw material for supplements, etc.</li> </ul>  |
| North America<br>MNF (US PBF)            | 9.8 billion yen 62 million \$     | <ul> <li>Morinaga Nutritional Food: Established in Los Angeles in 1985, this company supplies US consumers with long-life TOFU made possible by Morinaga Milk technology and also plant-based foods.</li> <li>Turtle Island Foods (TIF): MNF subsidiary, manufacturing and sales of PBF, including "Tofurky" brand</li> </ul> |
| Vietnam<br>MNF Vietnam                   | 4.3 billion yen 690.1 billion VND | <ul> <li>Morinaga Nutritional Foods Vietnam: Acquired 100% of its shares in 2021, the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Morinaga Milk.</li> <li>The company manufactures and sells products that include milk-based beverage and yogurt.</li> </ul>   |





Exporting formula milk to Pakistan and other Asian countries



Bifidobactrium longum BB536



Plant-based foods business in North America "Mori-Nu Shelf Stable

Tofu"



MNF Vietnam Yogurt

## 1-8. Global Business: MILEI GmbH



#### **Global Business: MILEI GmbH**

• Established as a joint venture by Morinaga Milk and other companies in 1972, the company is now a wholly owned subsidiary of Morinaga Milk. The company manufactures and sells products that include whey protein concentrate, lactose, and lactoferrin.





Address: Kemptener Strasse 91, 88299 Leutkirch, Germany

#### History

1972: MILEI GmbH was established, as a joint venture between four Japanese and European companies, for the purpose of processing and effectively utilizing whey, which was becoming a social problem at the time.

1975: Begins manufacturing whey powder and lactose

1976: Introduces compartmentation of membrane processes (begins WPC)

1989: Begins Manufacturing lactoferrin

2003-2006: Reinforces manufacturing capacity (UF membrane)

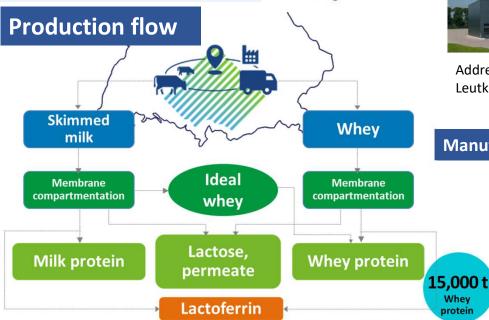
2012: Acquired as a wholly owned subsidiary of Morinaga Milk

2016: Begins phased commercial production at the new plant

2018: Completes construction of the new plant

2021: Reinforcement of lactoferrin manufacturing capacity

2022: Reinforcement of manufacturing to improve lactose quality



- Enters into long-term partnerships with local cheese makers and other suppliers of ingredients, primarily in the south of Germany, securing stable supply of high-quality ingredients
- After procuring these ingredients, it uses fractionation and pulverization processes to manufacture the various products

## Manufacturing capacity As of December 2022

40,000 t
Lactose

25,000 t

Permeate

6,500 t 170 t\*

Milk protein

## 1-8. Global Business: MILEI GmbH

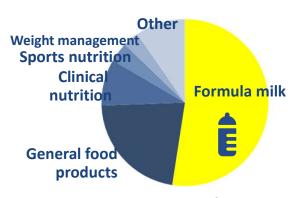


#### **Global Business: MILEI GmbH**



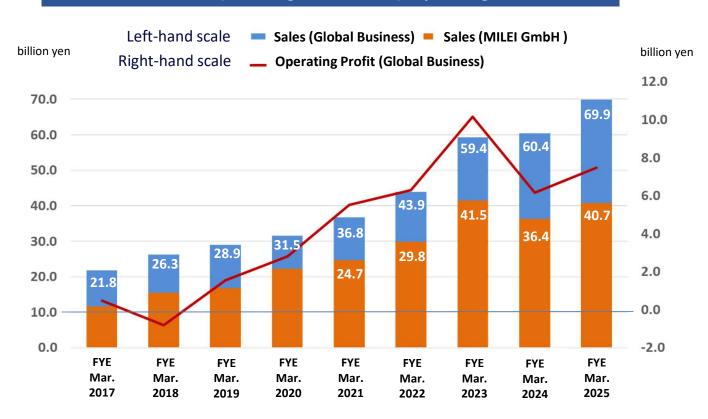
- Primary supply of products as raw materials for final products such as formula milk, mainly in Germany and Europe where MILEI GmbH is located.
- Expansion to Europe, the U.S., Asia, and various other countries and regions through suppliers.

#### **Component of sales by application**



Created from 2020-2024 cumulative sales

#### Global Business sales (including MILEI GmbH), Operating Profit Trends





## 2. Medium-term Business Plan 2025-2028 (FYE Mar. 2026 ~ FYE Mar. 2029 )

\* For more information, please visit our website https://www.morinagamilk.co.jp/english/ir/management/plan/



## Medium-Term Business Plan 2022–2024 in Review (Management Indicators)

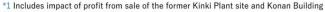


- Despite falling short of revised forecast, initial forecasts for net sales and operating profit were achieved, and overseas sales ratio target was also more or less accomplished
- ROE improved due to sales of idle assets and acquisition of treasury shares, but fell significantly short due to impairment losses in final fiscal year

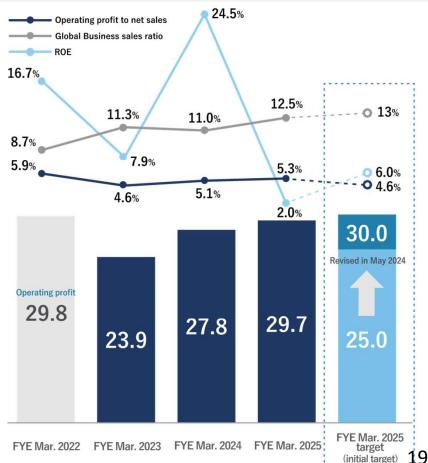
(Unit: billion yen

#### Companywide financial indicators

|                               | FYE Mar. 2022 | FYE Mar. 2023 | FYE Mar. 2024 | FYE Mar. 2025 | (Initial target)<br>FYE Mar. 2025<br>(Published Nov. 2022) | (Revised target) FYE Mar. 2025 (Published May 2024) |
|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|---|
| Net sales                     | 503.4         | 525.6         | 547.1         | 561.2         | 540.0  | 570.0   |
| Operating profit              | 29.8          | 23.9          | 27.8          | 29.7          | 25.0   | 30.0  |
| Operating profit to net sales | 5.9%          | 4.6%          | 5.1%          | <b>5.3</b> %  | 4.6%   | 5.3%  |
| Global Business sales ratio   | 8.7%          | 11.3%         | 11.0%         | 12.5%         | 13.0%  | 12.3%   |
| ROE (profit / equity capital) | 16.7%         | 7.9%          | 24.5%         | 2.0%          | 6.0%   | 7.0%  |



<sup>\*2</sup> Includes impact of sale of the former Tokyo Plant site



<sup>\*3</sup> Includes impact of impairment losses and profit from sale of cross-shareholdings

## Medium-Term Business Plan 2025–2028 - Basic Policies



### Our vision for next stage A Clearly Differentiated and Highly Profitable Company

Morinaga Milk Group 10-year Vision

- ·A company that balances "delicious and pleasurable food" with "health and nutrition"
- •A global company that exerts a unique presence worldwide
- ·A company that persistently helps make social sustainability a reality

- Operating profit margin: at least 7%
- ·Global Business sales ratio: at least 15%
- ·ROE: maintain at least 10%

#### Strengthening our defenses

- 1) Performing business with an ESG-focus
- 2) Further enhancing our eight main brands Accelerating development of bifidobacteria and proprietary seeds
- 3) Developing overseas business
- 4) Improving profitability
- 5) Further strengthening our business base

#### Rebuilding our systems

- 1) Expansion of nutrition and healthcare foods business, Global Business, five domains of
- 2) Resumption of progress in functional ingredients
- 3) Reinforcing resistance to changes in the external environment (Cost structure reform)
- 4) Made growth investments/environment-related investments focused on the 10-year Vision
- 5) Strategically executed growth investments and utilized funds with a focus that included shareholder returns and our financial standing
- 6) Improved ROE with a focus on capital efficiency

#### Medium-term Business Plan 2025–2028

### Toughening ourselves up for the push forward

#### Basic policies

**Growth strategy** 

• Focus our resources in areas where we can leverage our strengths

Structural reforms

- Rebuild the organization to enhance product development/sales capabilities
- •Enhance production efficiency by restructuring production systems

Culture reforms

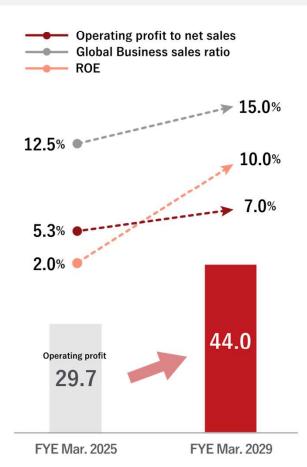
- ·Strengthen initiatives to improve return on capital
- ·Build an energetic team with professional skills and diversity

## Medium-Term Business Plan 2025–2028 - Management Indicators



- Aim to hit all numerical targets, using the plan as a period to put finishing touches to the 10-year Vision
- Add new management indicators in the form of return on capital and pre-financial indicators that lead to future financial value

|               |                                  |               |               | (I  | Jnit: billion yen)                           |
|---------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---|--|
|               |                                  | FYE Mar. 2025 | FYE Mar. 2029 | Increase (amount)<br>compared to<br>FYE Mar. 2025 | Increase (%)<br>compared to<br>FYE Mar. 2025 |
|               | Net sales                        | 561.2         | 630.0         | +68.8   | +12.3%                                       |
|               | Operating profit                 | 29.7          | 44.0          | +14.3   | +48.4%                                       |
|               | Operating profit to net sales    | 5.3%          | 7.0%          |   |  |
| Financial     | Global Business sales ratio      | 12.5%         | 15.0%         |   |  |
|               | ROE<br>(profit / equity capital) | 2.0%          | 10.0%         |   |  |
|               | ROIC (NOPAT / invested capital)  | 5.7%          | 7.0%          |   |  |
| Pre-financial | New Employee engagement rating   | В             | BBB           | *Targeting "A" by                                 | / FYE Mar. 2031                              |



## **Growth Strategy (Positioning by Category/Clarification of Role)**

Growth strategy

Structura

Culture



- Revise management categories in accordance with role, based on the unchanging value we provide of "Health value/Tastiness and delightfulness"
- Free ourselves from an omnidirectional approach in Japan and overseas, and make concentrated commitments of resources in growth areas where we can leverage our strengths

Categories corresponding to four pillars of earnings

[Medium-Term Business Plan 2022-2024]

## Nutrition and Healthcare Foods Business

Yogurt,
commercial milk (home deliveries, etc.),
nutritional food products,
CLINICO products,
health foods, etc.

#### **Core Dairy Foods Business**

Beverages, ice cream, cheese, milk, chilled desserts

#### B-to-B Business

Probiotics, functional ingredients, food service and institutional food products

#### **Global Business**

Probiotics, formula milk, milk derivatives, plant-based food, Vietnam Business

Clarify categories on which we should focus

#### **Growth areas**

- Domestic Yogurt
  - ·Ice Cream

Probiotics

·Formula milk

Probiotics

#### Global Business

**Business** 

Role

Areas of tightest focus for becoming a highly profitable company

#### Core areas

- ·Beverages
- ·Cheese
- Nutritional food products
  (Formula milk. etc.)
- · CLINICO
- Functional ingredients (Lactoferrin, etc.)

·Milk derivatives (MILEI)

Areas that are core generators of funds for the growth of the Company as a whole

#### Fundamental \_\_\_\_ areas

- · Milk
- Food service and institutional food products (Dairy products)

#### ·Chilled dessert

• Commercial milk (Home deliveries, etc.)

Strategic

Transformation

areas

#### ·PBF

Areas that underpin the Company as a whole for the purpose of overall optimization

Areas that prioritize structural reform and profitability improvement

#### Nurturing areas

·Health foods (Supplements)

·Vietnam Business

Areas oriented towards increases in scale, with the aim of becoming a next-generation pillar of earnings22

## **Structural Reforms** (Enhance Production Efficiency by Restructuring Production Systems)









- Improve profitability by responding to market changes, such as focusing on growth areas, adapting to volume reductions, and shifting to long-life products at room temperature.
- Although global raw milk production is increasing, the supply and demand for imported dairy ingredients is unclear.

  We will accelerate the restructuring of our bases with a view to securing a stable supply of domestic dairy ingredients.

#### Hokkaido Eniwa Plant



#### Concept

A sustainable factory that is friendly to both people and the environment

Planning to improve productivity and reduce environmental impacts through the introduction of advanced technology

Morinaga

Tovama Plant

\*End of ice cream production

-Hokuriku Milk Industry Co., Ltd.

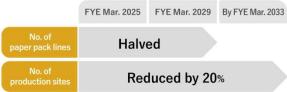
New manufacturing building at Kobe Plant

\*Yogurt and ice cream production capacity expansion



#### Accelerating restructuring production system

- Renew aging facilities at an appropriate scale to meet demand
  - Promote the consolidation of production sites in preparation for building a more efficient production/supply system
  - Expand yogurt and ice cream facilities,
     which had lost opportunities due to capacity limitations



2

## Improving profitability by taking advantage of the characteristics of long-life products at room temperature

- •Expand sales channels by taking advantage of the characteristics of long-life products at room temperature, such as through e-commerce and overseas exports (utilizing the Hokkaido brand)
- ·Improve energy conservation and delivery efficiency by transporting and storing at room temperature
- ·Promote labor saving through planned manufacturing

#### Ensuring a stable supply of dairy ingredients

- ·Hokkaido's share of domestic raw milk production is on the rise, and we will secure a base in the Hokkaido region for medium- to long-term procurement of milk resources
- \*International raw milk production is expected to grow at an annual rate of around 1-3%, but supply and demand are expected to become tight as demand increases due to population growth

## **Culture Reforms** (Strengthen Initiatives to Improve Return on Capital)

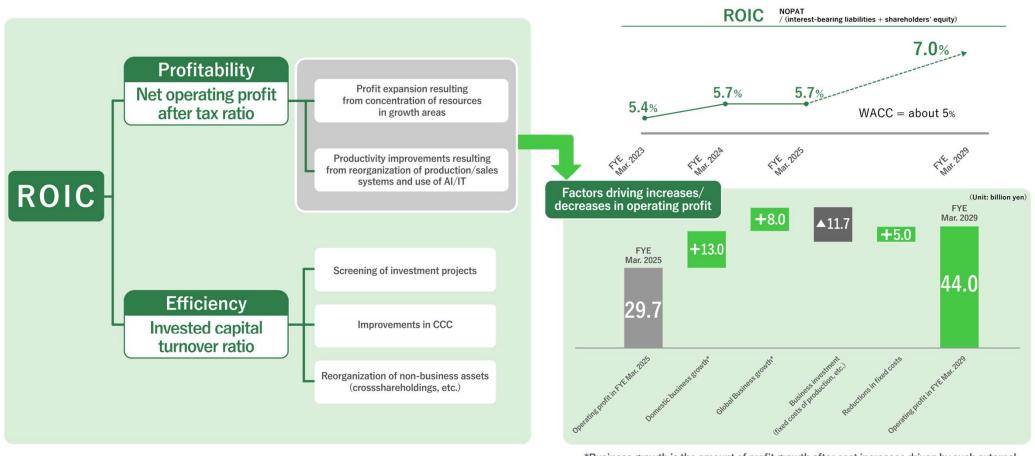








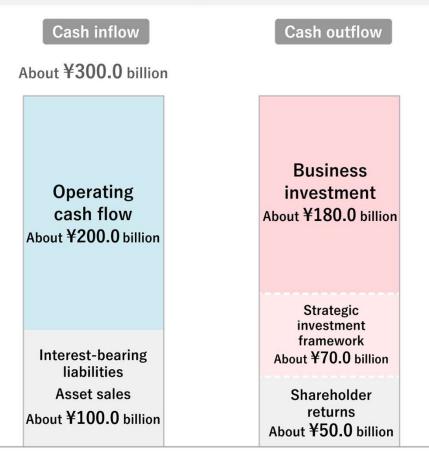
- By introducing an ROIC target of 7% as a new management indicator, we will further raise awareness of the cost of capital
- We aim to enhance corporate value over the medium to long term through screening of investment projects and improvements in CCC, etc., in addition to growing profits



## Allocation of Cash and Shareholder Returns Policies



- Allocation of cash to achieve concentration of resources in growth areas
- Use interest-bearing liabilities to optimize capital structure and enhance shareholder returns to reduce the cost of capital



#### Concentrate resources in growth areas

- ·Seek to concentrate resources in growth areas focused on yogurt and ice cream
- ·Establish strategic investment framework that includes M&A and R&D, etc., and make timely and appropriate investments
- ·Make investment decisions with an awareness of capital cost (WACC) and after assigning priorities based on investments that contribute to business growth

## Use interest-bearing liabilities to achieve optimal capital structure

·Also use interest-bearing liabilities to target a net DER of 0.4-0.5

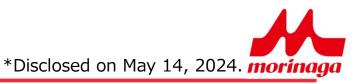
#### Shareholder returns policy

- ·Raise the payout ratio target from 30% to 40%
- $\cdot \textbf{Acquire treasury stock flexibly according to circumstances}$
- •¥10.0 billion in acquisitions of treasury shares scheduled for FYE Mar. 2026 (cancellation planned after acquisition)

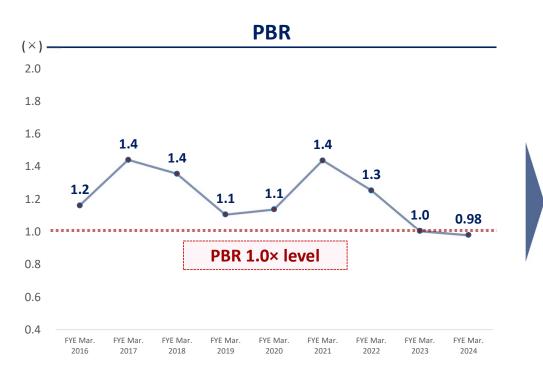


3. Action to Implement Management That is Conscious of Cost of Capital and Stock Price

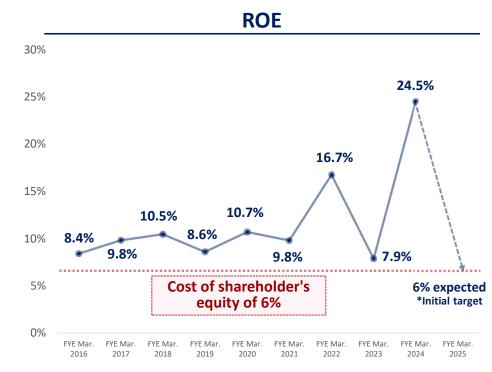
## 3-1. PBR and ROE



Despite maintaining PBR above 1.0× and ROE of over 8%, shareholders' equity has risen recently due to impact of major asset sales, etc., pushing down ROE, but we recognize importance of quickly returning to 8% or more



 Despite maintaining PBR above 1.0x, profit increases and major asset sales (Morinaga Plaza Building, former sites of Kinki and Tokyo plants) over past few years have pushed up shareholders' equity. Figure for FYE March 2024 is 0.98×

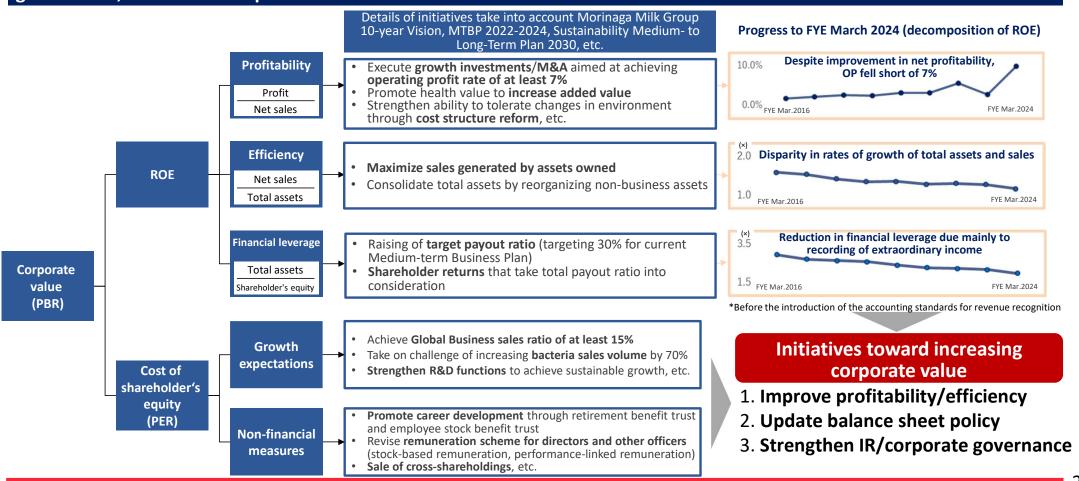


 We perceive our cost of shareholder's equity to be around 6%, based on CAPM model and interviews with shareholders and investors

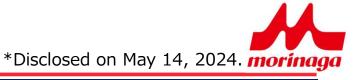
## 3-2. Our Perception of Issues, and Overview of Initiatives Aimed at **Increasing Corporate Value**

\*Disclosed on May 14, 2024. morinaga

We will work on 1. Improve profitability/efficiency, 2. Update balance sheet policy, and 3. Strengthen IR/corporate governance, to increase corporate value



## 3-3. Initiatives to Improve Profitability and Efficiency



|   | t MTBP v | Recuting price revisions and restoring profitability. There has been no within the 10-year vision; we will steadily execute initiatives in line with 5) |
|---|----------|---|
| Medium-term Business Plan 2022–2024 (FYE March 2023 to FYE March 2025)  |          | Basic Policy 1: Achieving sustainable growth by increasing the added value of our   |
| <to be="" choice="" company="" continue="" of="" the="" to=""> We aim to resolve societal issues and improve sales growth and profitability!</to> |          | Basic Policy 2: Further strengthening our business base with an eye on the future Basic Policy 3: Financial strategies focused on efficiency            |

| E) | æ | CI | U | t |
|----|---|----|---|---|
|    |   |    |   |   |

Impact en

Rise in prices of ra milk, raw material and energy

FYE Mar.
Price revisions
(change in selling
unit prices)

Including initiatives to "improve profitability and efficiency," we have formulated our Medium-Term Business Plan 2025-2028.

<u>d in May 2024</u>

ch 2025

¥570 billion ¥30 billion

5.3% 7%

es ratio 12%

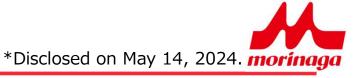
Initiatives to further improve profitability and efficiency (FYE March 2026 onwards)

- Building the structures and business foundation to enable us to continue to provide new value to the market
- Improving business efficiency through revision of production and sales structures

Next Medium-term Business Plan will be the final phase of the 10-year vision (scheduled to be announced in spring 2025)

Operating profit rate

#### 3-4. Update Balance Sheet Policy (Optimal Capital Structure)



While preserving financial soundless, we will update the balance sheet policy with the aim of maximizing corporate value by pursuing the optimal capital structure and reducing the cost of capital. Going forward we aim for growth while utilizing a certain amount of debt.

## Approach to optimal capital structure

- We will control shareholders' equity to a range in which there is no problem in terms of business risk and that is consistent with maintaining "A" rating
- For the time being we will aim at a net interest-bearing liabilities / shareholder's equity of 0.4-0.5× (reviewed every fiscal year in response to internal/external environments)
- We will optimize gradually over the medium to long term, taking into account future investment plans

#### **Approaches**

#### **How it might look**

#### (1) Business risk approach

## Minimum level of shareholders' equity required in an emergency

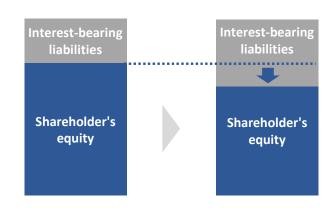
Amount that takes into consideration the perspective of creditors, based on general indicators, and the perspective of the Company, based on capital analysis

Consider both sides in pursuit of optimal capital structure

#### (2) Credit rating approach

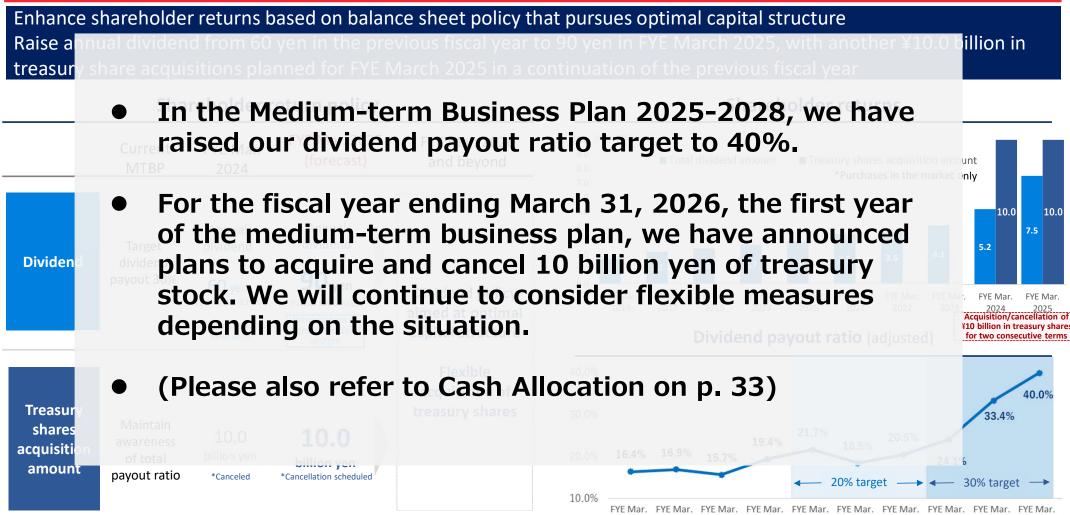
## Financial balance consistent with maintaining "A" rating

Net interest-bearing liabilities / shareholders' equity of no more than 0.7 × Net interest-bearing liabilities / EBITDA of no more than 3.0 ×





#### 3-4. Update Balance Sheet Policy (Shareholder Return Policy)



## 3-5. Strengthen Investor Relations and Corporate Governance \*Disclosed on May 14, 2024. morine

Reduce cost of shareholder's equity through active information disclosure and dialogue with capital markets, and strengthened corporate governance

<Dialogue with markets / information disclosure>

#### 1. Enhance information disclosure for the Global Business

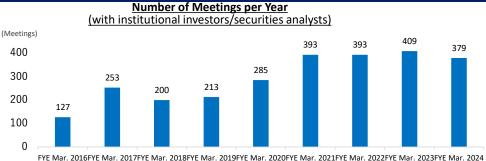
- Net sales plans and factors driving increases/decreases in operating profit for consolidated overseas subsidiaries, etc.
  FYE Mar. 2024 onwards: Disclosure of net sales results for main subsidiaries
  FYE Mar. 2025 onwards: Disclosure of net sales plans for main subsidiaries, changes in Global Business operating profit
- 2. Create opportunities for dialogue with Outside Directors (scheduled for FY2024)
- 3. Provide explanations / foster understanding of capital markets among Morinaga Milk Group employees
  - Introduce employee stock benefit trust system (to be implemented from FYE March 2025 onward at Morinaga Milk)
  - Invest in human capital, raise interest in/awareness of capital markets
     Create opportunities for dialogue with internal stakeholders and foster understanding of capital markets
    - Lectures by institutional investors or securities analysts: once-yearly Internal IR meetings: 17 in total

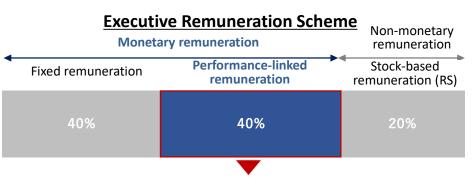
#### <Strengthen corporate governance >

- 4. Review of the operating structure of the Personnel Remuneration Committee
- 5. Executive remuneration scheme revised (performance-linked remuneration design; see chart at lower right)
- 6. Change in target for ratio of female managers, setting of employee engagement targets
  - Target for ratio of female managers by FY2030: at least  $10\% \rightarrow$  at least 20% by FY2026: at least  $6\% \rightarrow$  at least 10%
  - New targets set in relation to employee engagement Employee engagement rating for FY2030: "A"

#### 7. Reduction of cross-shareholdings

■ Cash generated by sales to be used for growth investments and shareholder returns Targeting reduction of 50% over the five years to FYE March 2029 (vs. FYE March 2024 book value)





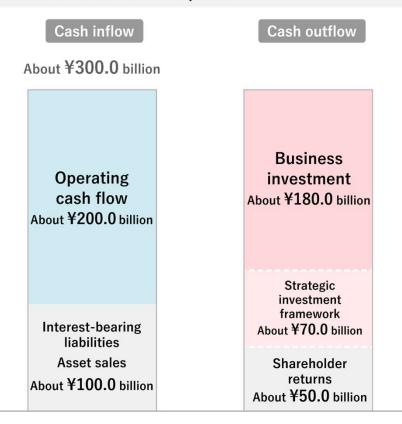
| Before cha                    | ange     | FYE N                         | ∕Iarch 202 | 4 onwa             | rds     |
|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------|--------------------|---------|
| Financial KPI                 | 100%     | Financial KPI                 | 80%        | Non-financi<br>KPI | ial 20% |
| Consolidated net s            | ales 40% | Consolidated net s            | ales 30%   | FTSE               | 50%     |
| Consolidated operating profit | 40%      | Consolidated operating profit | 40%        | MSCI               | 50%     |
| ROE                           | 20%      | ROE                           | 30%        |                    |         |

\*KPIs and evaluation ratios are deliberated and determined by the Board of Directors every year

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### 3-6. Cash Allocation for the Current Medium-term Business Plan (Reprint)

- Allocation of cash to achieve concentration of resources in growth areas
- Use interest-bearing liabilities to optimize capital structure and enhance shareholder returns to reduce the cost of capital



#### Concentrate resources in growth areas

- ·Seek to concentrate resources in growth areas focused on vogurt and ice cream
- ·Establish strategic investment framework that includes M&A and R&D, etc., and make timely and appropriate investments
- ·Make investment decisions with an awareness of capital cost (WACC) and after assigning priorities based on investments that contribute to business growth

## Use interest-bearing liabilities to achieve optimal capital structure

·Also use interest-bearing liabilities to target a net DER of 0.4-0.5

#### Shareholder returns policy

- ·Raise the payout ratio target from 30% to 40%
- ·Acquire treasury stock flexibly according to circumstances
- •¥10.0 billion in acquisitions of treasury shares scheduled for FYE Mar. 2026 (cancellation planned after acquisition)



## 4. Sustainability Medium- to Long-Term Plan 2030

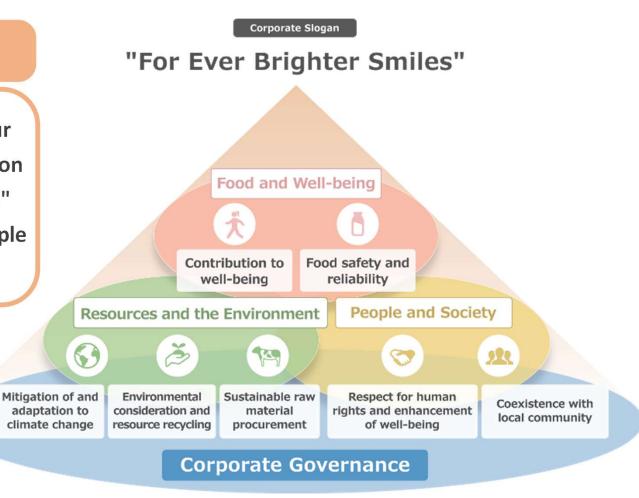
\* For more information, please visit our website https://www.morinagamilk.co.jp/english/sustainability/

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### 4-1. "Sustainability Medium- to Long-Term Plan 2030" system diagram

## the Sustainability Medium- to Long-Term Plan 2030

In order to bring brighter smiles to all of our stakeholders, we conduct activities focused on the three themes of "Food and Well-being," "Resources and the Environment," and "People and Society."



## 4-2. Objectives of Each Materiality Theme



Food and Well-being

**Contribution to well-being** 

Food safety and reliability

By delivering high-quality value unique to Morinaga Milk Group, we contribute to the health of 300 million people.\*

\*Calculated as planned number, which include total planned number of sales of products with consideration for health from FY 2021 to FY 2030, and expected number of participants in our health promotion and nutrition education activities as number reached (persons)

Resources and the Environment

Mitigation of and adaptation to climate change

**Environmental consideration** and resource recycling

Sustainable raw material procurement

We will contribute to a sustainable global environment in order to perpetually develop together with supply chain partners.

People and Society

Respect for human rights and enhancement of well-being

Coexistence with local communities

We respect the human rights and diversity of all of our stakeholders, and will contribute to the creation of a sustainable society.

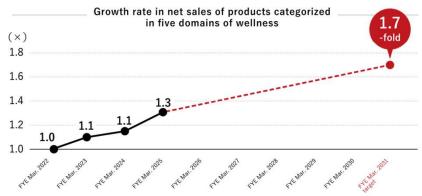
## Revision of Sustainability Medium- to Long-Term Plan 2030



|  | As of May 2022 (target for FYE Ma   | ar. 2031)  | Details of revision   |  |  |
|--|---|--|---|--|--|
|  | KPIs  | Targets  | Details of Tevision   |  |  |
| Contribution to well-being Food safety and reliability | Net sales of products with consideration for<br>health issues (compared to FYE Mar. 2022)                     | 1.7-fold   | <del>-</del>  |  |  |
|  | Participants in health promotion and nutrition education activities (from FYE Mar.2022~Mar.2031)              | Total<br>1,000,000                                 | Expand to domestic consolidated subsidiaries  |  |  |
|  | Increase in the number of published research papers on health and nutrition (including patent applications)   | Not set  | Promote research and development that safely and reliably leads to the creation of high-quality products that contribute to the health and nutrition of consumers |  |  |
|  | Increase our image as a company<br>that contribute to health<br>(Corporate brand image survey)                | 25%  | _   |  |  |
|  | _   | -  | New Improve our image as a supplier of product that provide tastiness and delightfulness ( Corporate brand image survey )   |  |  |
|  | Acquisition of FSSC 22000 and other GFSI certification standards at all Group manufacturing sites             | Acquisition<br>at all Group<br>manufacturing sites | (Footnotes to KPIs) GFSI certification standards  |  |  |
|  | Continuation of zero quality-related incidents and initiatives to ensure compliance with laws and regulations | Not set  | Number of serious quality-related incident  |  |  |

<sup>\*1</sup> Changed the name from "Materiality: Contribution to wellness"





## Revision of Sustainability Medium- to Long-Term Plan 2030



|  | As of May 2022 (target for FYE Ma  | ar. 2031)                      | Details of revision  |  |  |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
|  | KPIs   | Targets                        |  |  |  |
| Mitigation of and adaptation to climate change     | Scope 1+2 $CO_2$ emissions reduction rate (compared to FYE Mar. 2014)            | 38% or higher                  | Scope Expand to global consolidated subsidiaries Target 38% or higher →50% or higher   |  |  |
|  | Scope 3 GHG emissions reduction rate (compared to FYE Mar. 2021)                 | 10% or higher                  | Scope Domestic consolidated subsidiaries<br>(from FYE Mar. 2026)<br>Global consolidated subsidiaries<br>(from FYE Mar. 2027) |  |  |
|  | Percentage of sites formulating BCPs to address climate change                   | 100%                           | _  |  |  |
| Env  | ISO 14001 certification maintenance rate at domestic manufacturing sites         | 100%                           | _  |  |  |
| Environmental consideration and resource recycling | Petroleum-derived virgin plastic usage reduction rate(compared to FYE Mar. 2014) | 25% or higher                  | Scope Expand to global consolidated subsidiaries   |  |  |
|  | Industrial waste recycling rate  | Achieving<br>zero<br>emissions | Scope Expand to global consolidated subsidiaries   |  |  |
|  | Water resource usage reduction rate (compared to FYE Mar. 2014)                  | 15% or higher                  | Scope Expand to global consolidated subsidiaries   |  |  |
| tion   | Rate of accommodation of environmentally friendly design in major brands         | 100%                           | _  |  |  |
| Susta<br>raw m                                     | Rate of transition to RSPO mass balance certification                            | 100%<br>*FYE Mar. 2029         | _  |  |  |
| Sustainable<br>raw material procurement            | Usage ratio of FSC-certified or other environmentally friendly paper             | 100%<br>*FYE Mar. 2025         | Scope Expand to global consolidated subsidiaries (args) 100%   |  |  |
|  | Expansion of support for raw material suppliers                                  | Not set                        | Scope Expand to domestic consolidated subsidiarie  |  |  |
| ement  | _  | _                              | New Increase the number of initiatives aimed at enhancing the value of dairy industry (Target) 500                           |  |  |

|  | As of May 2022 (target for FYE Ma   | r. 2031)                  | Details of revision  |  |
|--|---|---------------------------|--|--|
|  | KPIs  | Targets                   | Details of Tevision  |  |
| Respect for h                                      | Continuous compliance with human rights policy throughout supply chain  | Ongoing<br>compliance     | (KPI) Continuous compliance with human rights policy → ongoing implementation of initiatives to raise respect for human rights   |  |
|  | Ratio of female managers  | 10% or higher             | Target 20% or higher *3  |  |
| E I  | Childcare leave usage ratio (men)   | 100%                      | _  |  |
| Respect for human rights and enhanced well-being 😜 | _   | _                         | Strengthen health management initiatives aimed at achieving "White 500 certification" status (arge)  Morinaga Milk Industry: maintain certification as Health & Productivity Management Outstanding Organization  Domestic consolidated subsidiaries: promote certification of Health & Productivity Management Outstanding Organization |  |
| ed   | Number of major work-related accidents  | 0                         | _  |  |
| well-be  | Employee engagement ratings   | А                         | Targe) Additional interim target: "BBB" by FYE Mar. 2029   |  |
| eing *2  | Amount of investment in human resource development  | 40,000<br>yen/person/year | 40,000 yen/person/year $\rightarrow$ 50,000 yen/person/year  |  |
| Coexistence with local communities                 | Total number of participants<br>in community activities at business sites<br>(FYE Mar. 2022– FYE Mar. 2031)           | 100,000                   | _  |  |
|  | Ratio of Group business sites carrying out community activities ed the name from "materiality: respect for human righ | 100%                      | _  |  |

<sup>\*2</sup> Changed the name from "materiality: respect for human rights and diversity"

<sup>\*3</sup> The target for the ratio of female managers for FYE Mar. 2031 changed to at least 20% in March 2024



## Appendix



**Company name** Morinaga Milk Industry Co., Ltd.

Head office 5-2, Higashishimbashi 1-chome, Minato-ku, Tokyo

**Founded** September 1, 1917

**Established** April 13, 1949

**Capital** ¥21,821 million

**Employees** Consolidated 7,453 (M 5,511 F 1,942)

Non-consolidated 3,310 (M 2,597 F 713)

**Representative** Yohichi Ohnuki (Representative Director and President)

Teiichro Okawa (Representative Director and Executive Vice President)

**Business** Production and sale of milk, dairy products, ice cream, beverages,

and other foods

**Group** 32 consolidated subsidiaries and two equity method companies

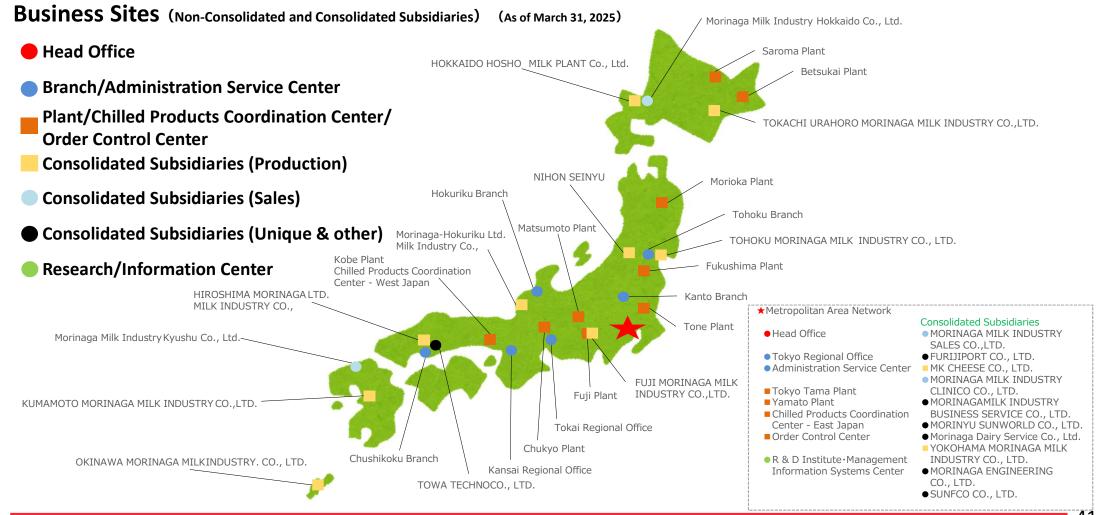
Stock exchange listing Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market (Securities code: 2264)



(As of March 31, 2025)

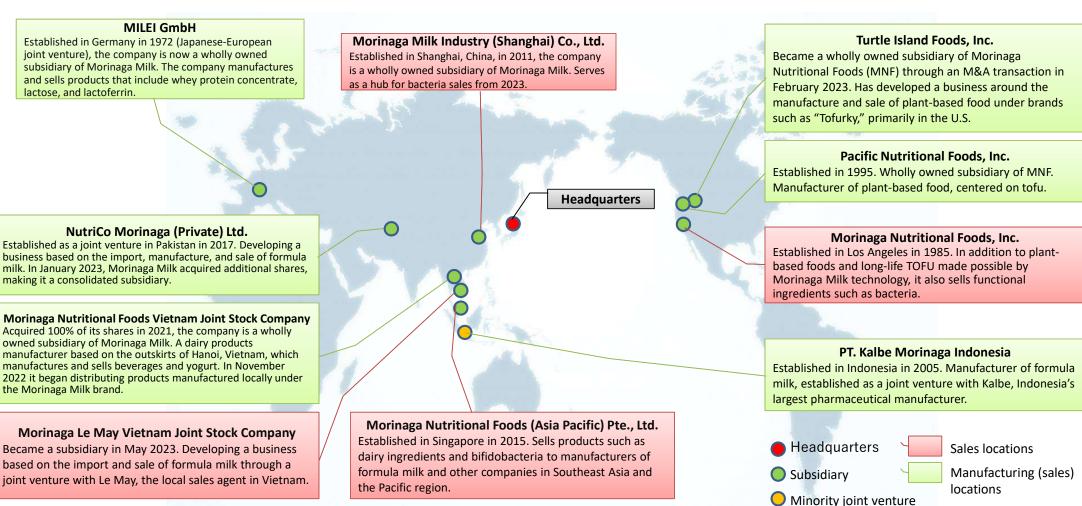
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## **Appendix (Overview of Morinaga Milk Group)**





## Appendix (Overview of Morinaga Milk Group, Main Overseas Business Locations)



## **Appendix (Strength of Technologies & Proprietary Materials)**



#### To explore the amazing potential of milk, and to make optimal use of that potential.

#### Bifidobacteria

Morinaga Milk has used its original technology to develop commercial uses for powdered bacteria. There is intense international interest in powdered Bifidobacteria.

#### Lactulose

Morinaga Milk overcome major difficulties before succeeding in the production of powdered lactulose. There are many potential uses for this oligosaccharide.

#### Lactoferrin

Morinaga Milk created the world's first infant formula containing powdered lactoferrin, which can be added to a wide variety of products.

#### Lac-Shield™

Capable of providing useful effects even in small quantities, this product has minimal effect on flavor and is being used in an expanding range of processed foods.

#### · Aloesterol®

Morinaga Milk has obtained more than 10 Japanese patents for applications based on this rate functional food ingredient.

#### Orabarrier®

A highly safe original functional ingredient containing an antimicrobial component.

#### Peptides

Original Morinaga Milk technology has resulted in the development of milk products for those who have milk allergies.



Bifidobacterium longum BB536



Multifunctional peptide, Lactoferrin



## **Chronology of Morinaga Milk (1917-1971)**

| Sep. 1917 | Founded as Nippon Rennyu Co., Ltd. *To procure condensed milk for the Milk Caramel of Morinaga & Co., Ltd.                 |
|-----------|--|
| May. 1919 | Launched "Morinaga Milk," small cans of condensed milk   |
| Jul. 1920 | Merged Nippon Rennyu with Morinaga & Co., Ltd.   |
| Nov. 1921 | Launched "Morinaga Dried Milk (infant formula)" *It is Japan's first domestically infant formula by machinery.             |
| Apr. 1927 | Split off the Rennyu Division to establish Morinaga Rennyu Co., Ltd.   |
| Dec. 1929 | Launched "Morinaga Pasteurized Milk (bottled milk)"  |
| May. 1941 | Changed company name to Morinaga Milk Industry Co., Ltd.   |
| Oct. 1942 | Merged Morinaga & Co., Ltd. with Morinaga Milk Industry Co., Ltd., Morinaga Food Industry Co., Ltd., Tokai Seika KK, Ltd., |
|           | and Morinaga Kansai Milk Co., Ltd.   |
| Apr. 1949 | Re-established Morinaga Milk Industry Co., Ltd.  |
| Sep. 1954 | Listed shares on the Tokyo Stock Exchange  |
| Aug. 1955 | Morinaga Arsenic Milk Poisoning Incident occurred  |
| Apr. 1961 | Launched "Creap (creaming powder)"   |
| Feb. 1970 | Affiliation with Kraft, Inc. *currently the Kraft Foods Group Brands LLC, others.  |
| Dec. 1971 | Conclusion of a trademark licensing agreement with Sunkist Growers, Inc.   |



## Chronology of Morinaga Milk (1972-2017)

| Feb. 1972 | Established MILEI GmbH, a joint venture company in West Germany   |
|-----------|---|
| Apr. 1974 | Established Public Interest Incorporated Foundation Hikari Kyokai   |
| Nov. 1978 | Launched "Morinaga Bifidus Yogurt"  |
| May. 1984 | Established affiliation with Lipton Japan *currently LIPTON Teas and Infusions Japan Service K.K.             |
| May. 1985 | Established Morinaga Nutritional Foods, Inc. to expand the sales of aseptically packaged TOFU in the U.S.     |
| Feb. 1993 | Launched "Mt. RAINIER CAFFÈ LATTE" (milk-based beverage in an aseptic cup)                                    |
| Dec. 1994 | Launched "Morinaga Aloe Yogurt"   |
| Apr. 2005 | Launched "PARM" (ice cream bar)   |
| Sep. 2011 | Launched "PARTHENO," a Greek-style yogurt   |
| May. 2012 | Capitalized MILEI GmbH as a wholly owned subsidiary   |
| Dec. 2015 | Established Morinaga Nutritional Foods (Asia Pacific) Pte. Ltd. in Singapore                                  |
| Oct. 2016 | New factory for MILEI GmbH begins operation   |
| Sep. 2017 | Celebrated the 100 <sup>th</sup> anniversary of the founding of Morinaga Milk Industry, Co., Ltd.             |
|           | Apr. 1974 Nov. 1978 May. 1984 May. 1985 Feb. 1993 Dec. 1994 Apr. 2005 Sep. 2011 May. 2012 Dec. 2015 Oct. 2016 |



## Chronology of Morinaga Milk (2018-2023)

| Apr. 2019 | Launched "Triple Yogurt"   |
|-----------|--|
| Feb. 2020 | New building at Tone Plant begins operation  |
| Apr. 2020 | Launched "Bifidus Yogurt Improves Bowel Movement"  |
| Jun. 2021 | Elovi Vietnam Joint Stock Company (currently Morinaga Nutritional Foods Vietnam Joint Stock Company)       |
|           | becomes a wholly owned subsidiary  |
| Jan. 2023 | NutriCo Morinaga (Private) Limited becomes a subsidiary  |
| Feb. 2023 | Turtle Island Foods Holdings, Inc. (currently Turtle Island Foods, Inc.) becomes a wholly owned subsidiary |
| May. 2023 | Morinaga Le May Vietnam Joint Stock Company becomes a subsidiary   |



## **Appendix** (Business domains of former classification)

(Unit: billion yen)

| Net Sales                               | FYE March 2023 | FYE March 2024 | FYE March 2025 | Year on Year<br>(%) |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| Nutrition and Healthcare Foods Business | 123.7          | 127.3          | 130.0          | +2.1%               |
| Core Dairy Foods Business               | 170.2          | 175.3          | 176.4          | +0.7%               |
| B-to-B Business                         | 93.2           | 96.4           | 99.0           | +2.7%               |
| Global Business                         | 59.4           | 60.4           | 69.9           | +15.7%              |
| Other/Eliminated                        | 79.2           | 87.7           | 85.8           | -2.1%               |
| Total                                   | 525.6          | 547.1          | 561.2          | +2.6%               |

| Operating Profit                               | FYE March 2023 | FYE March 2024 | FYE March 2025 | Year-on-year<br>Change |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------|
| <b>Nutrition and Healthcare Foods Business</b> | 5.6            | 5.3            | 5.5            | +0.2                   |
| Core Dairy Foods Business                      | 5.1            | 9.0            | 9.6            | +0.6                   |
| B-to-B Business                                | 1.5            | 4.5            | 3.8            | -0.6                   |
| Global Business                                | 10.1           | 6.2            | 7.5            | +1.3                   |
| Other/Eliminated                               | 1.6            | 3.1            | 3.3            | +0.3                   |
| Total  | 23.9           | 27.8           | 29.7           | +1.8                   |



## **Appendix** (Business domains of former classification)

(Unit: billion yen)

| Sales                  | FYE March <b>2018</b> | FYE March <b>2019</b> | FYE March 2020 | FYE March 2021 | FYE March <b>2021</b> (After Application) | FYE March 2022 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|---|----------------|
| B-to-C Business        | 322.7                 | 310.7                 | 305.7          | 310.0          | 262.3                                     | 260.1          |
| Wellness Business      | 48.8                  | 49.1                  | 55.7           | 55.5           | 43.0                                      | 44.2           |
| B-to-B Business        | 95.5                  | 96.9                  | 96.7           | 78.9           | 74.2                                      | 82.1           |
| <b>Global Business</b> | 26.3                  | 28.9                  | 31.5           | 37.2           | 36.8                                      | 43.9           |
| Other/Eliminated       | 98.8                  | 97.9                  | 101.3          | 101.9          | 72.4                                      | 73.1           |
| Total                  | 592.1                 | 583.6                 | 590.9          | 583.6          | 488.7                                     | 503.4          |

| Operating Profit       | FYE March <b>2018</b> | FYE March <b>2019</b> | FYE March 2020 | FYE March 2021 | FYE March 2021 (After Application) | FYE March 2022 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| B-to-C Business        | 11.5                  | 10.5                  | 12.6           | 16.1           | 16.1                               | 14.6           |
| Wellness Business      | 2.5                   | 3.1                   | 4.2            | 3.5            | 3.5                                | 3.8            |
| B-to-B Business        | 6.1                   | 5.8                   | 5.3            | 2.6            | 2.6                                | 3.4            |
| <b>Global Business</b> | -0.8                  | 1.6                   | 2.8            | 5.5            | 5.5                                | 7.2            |
| Other/Eliminated       | 2.4                   | 1.3                   | 0.4            | 1.2            | 1.2                                | 0.8            |
| Total                  | 21.7                  | 22.3                  | 25.4           | 28.9           | 28.9                               | 29.8           |



#### **Cautionary Note Regarding Business Forecasts**

Figures for plans, policies, and other figures included in this report other than actual past results are forecasts of future business performance, and are calculated based on management's estimates and understanding of the information available to the Company at the time this presentation was prepared. Accordingly, these forward-looking figures contain elements of risk and uncertainty, and actual results may differ from these forecasts for a variety of reasons. These elements of potential risk and uncertainty include economic conditions in the Company's major markets, trends in demand for the Company's products, exchange rate movements, and regulatory changes and changes in accounting standards and business practices in Japan and other countries. Monetary amounts in this presentation are shown in billions of yen, with amounts of less than 0.1 billion yen rounded to the nearest 0.1 billion yen, and as a result, total figures may differ from the sum of the corresponding breakdown figures.